

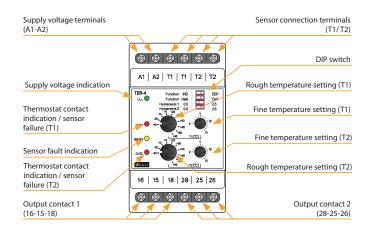


EAN code TER-4/UNI: 8595188185332

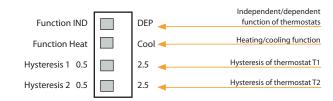
Technical parameters	TER-4	
Number of functions:	4	
Supply terminals:	A1-A2	
Supply voltage:	AC/DC 24 – 240 V (AC 50-60 Hz)	
	galvanically isolated	
Consumption (max.):	3 VA/1 W	
Supply voltage tolerance:	-15 %; +10 %	
Measuring circuit		
Measuring terminals:	T1-T1 & T2-T2	
Rough temperature ranges:	-40 −25 °C (−40 −13 °F)	+35 +50 °C (95 122 °F)
(selectable by rotary switch)	–25−10°C (–13 14°F)	+50 +65 °C (122 149 °F)
	–10+5°C (14 41°F)	+65 +80 °C (149 176 °F)
	+5+20°C (4168°F)	+80 +95 °C (176 203 °F)
	+20 +35 °C (68 95 °F)	+95 +110 °C (203 230 °F)
Fine temperature setting:	0 – 15 °C, within the selected range	
Hysteresis (sensitivity) for T1:	optional, 0.5 or 2.5 °C (by DIP switch)	
Hysteresis (sensitivity) for T2:	optional, 0.5 or 2.5 °C (by DIP switch)	
Sensor:	thermistor NTC 12 k Ω /25 °C (°F)	
Sensor fault indication:	yellow LED lights up + red LED flashing	
Accuracy		
Setting accuracy (mech.):	5 %	
Temperature dependence:	< 0.1 %/°C	
Output		
Contact type:	2× changeover/SPDT (AgNi)	
Current rating:	16 A/AC1; 1 HP 240 Vac, 1/2 HP 120 Vac; PD. B300	
Breaking capacity:	4000 VA/AC1, 384 W/DC1	
Inrush current:	30 A/< 3 s	
Switching voltage:	250 V AC/24 V DC	
Power dissipation (max.):	2.4 W	
Mechanical life:	10.000.000 ops.	
Electrical life (AC1):	100.000 ops.	
Other information		
Operating temperature:	−20 +55 °C (−4 131 °F)	
Storage temperature:	–30 +70 °C (−22 158 °F)	
Dielectric strength:		
supply – output	AC 4 kV	
output 1 – output 2	AC 4 kV	
Operating position:	any	
Mounting:	DIN rail EN 60715	
Protection degree:	IP40 front panel / IP20 terminals	
Overvoltage category:	III.	
Pollution degree:	2	
Cross-wire section – solid/	max. 1× 2.5, 2× 1.5/	
stranded with ferrule (mm ²):	max. 1× 2.5 (AWG 14)	
Dimensions:	$90 \times 52 \times 66 \text{ mm} (3.5^{"} \times 2.05^{"} \times 2.6^{"})$	
Weight:	147 g (5.2 oz)	
Standards:	EN 60255-1, EN 60255-26, EN 60255-27, EN 60947-1	

- Used for temperature monitoring in switchboards, heating or cooling systems, engines, liquids, open spaces, etc.
- Double thermostat for temperature monitoring and regulation over a wide range.
- Rough and fine temperature setting for each thermostat.
- Galvanically isolated power supply AC/DC 24 240 V.
- 2× input for temperature sensor NTC 12 k/25 °C.
- $\bullet \ \ \text{Setting the independent or dependent function of thermostats}.$
- Selection of heating/cooling function.
- Selectable hysteresis (sensitivity) of switching.
- Two output contacts (separate for each thermostat).

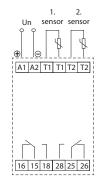
Description



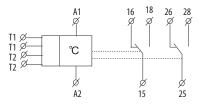
Description of DIP switch



Connection



Symbol



Function

Each thermostat has its own sensor, rough and fine temperature setting, selectable hysteresis and its separated output contact.

The desired temperature is set as the sum value of the selected rough and fine temperature setting.

The device monitors the fault state of each sensor (short circuit or interruption) - if a sensor malfunction occurs, the yellow LED lights up and the corresponding red LED flashes. The respective output contact is opened in the event of a failure.

The device can also be operated as a simple thermostat (with one sensor). In this case, it is necessary to connect a 10 k Ω resistor instead of a sensor to the unused input (included in the product package).

Independent function of thermostats

The device acts as two separate simple thermostats.

Dependent function of thermostats

Thermostats are connected "in series" - i.e. thermostat T1 is blocked by thermostat T2. This can be used e.g. so that thermostat T1 is operational and thermostat T2 is interlocking (emergency – e.g. when the device overheats).

